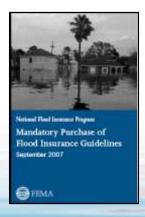






### **Mandatory Purchase of Flood Insurance Guidelines**



- A. Introduction
- B. Coverage Availability
- C. General Mandatory Purchase Provisions
- D. Condos, Coops & Timeshares
- E. Key Provisions
- Appendices 1-12



#### Introduction to Lender Compliance

### **Mandatory Purchase of Flood Insurance Guidelines**

Appendix 1 - Legal References

Appendix 2 - FDIC Regulation

Appendix 3 – Standard Flood Hazard Determination Form

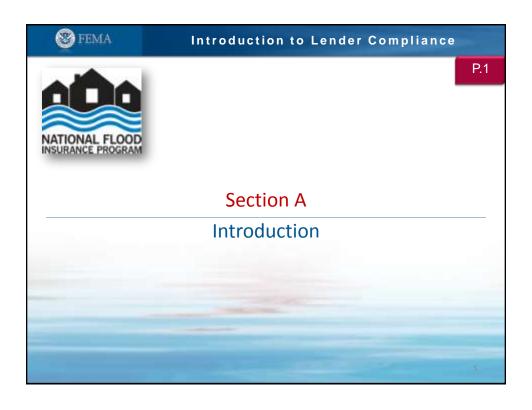
Appendix 4 – Notice Requirements

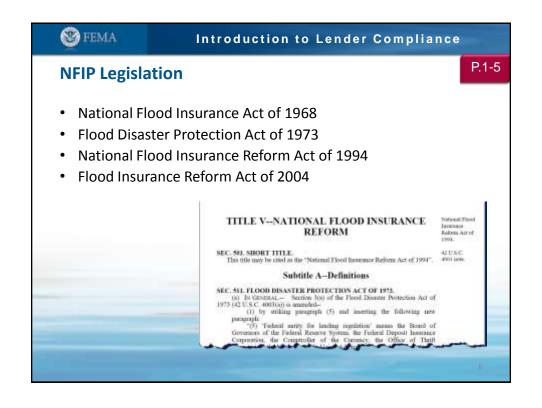
Appendix 5 – Flood Insurance Resources

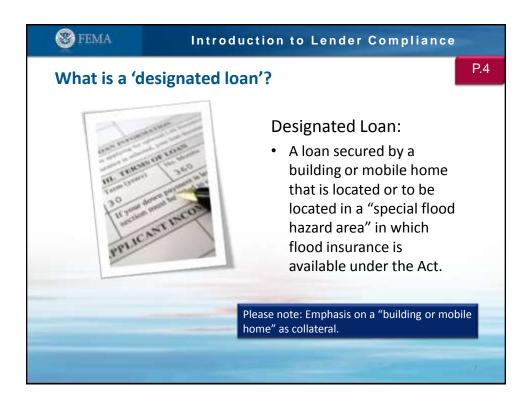
Appendix 6 - 30-Day Waiting Period

Appendix 7 – MPPP Guidelines and Requirements

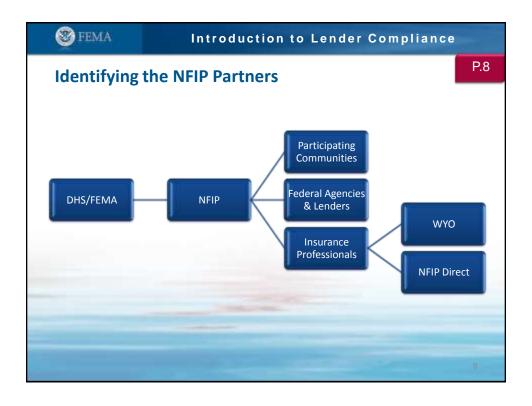
Glossary & Index.

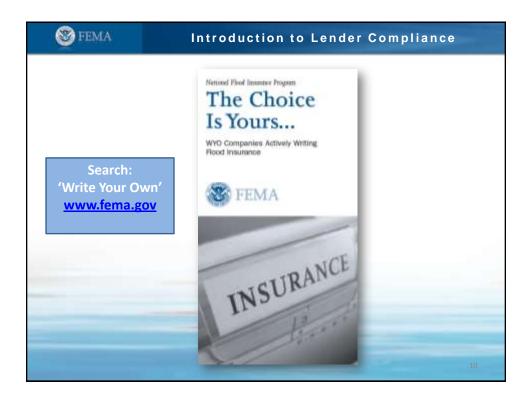


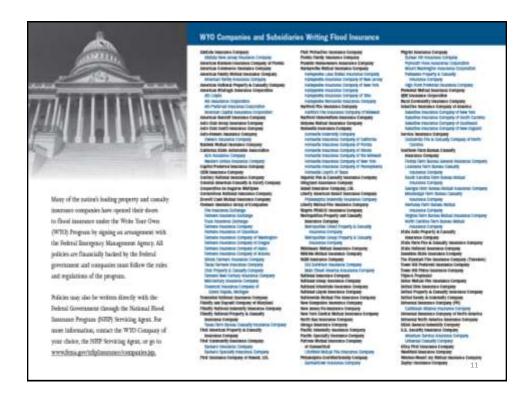




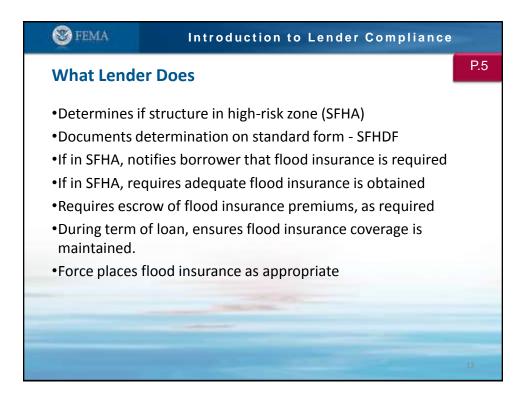


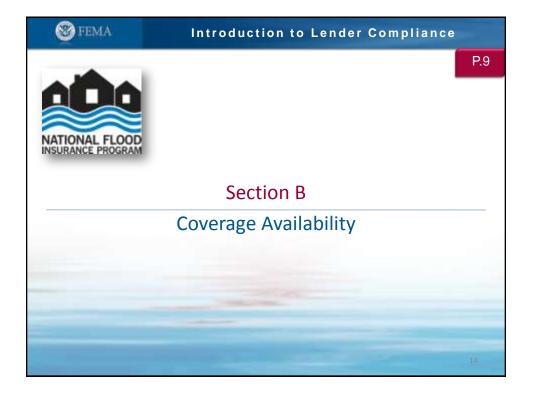




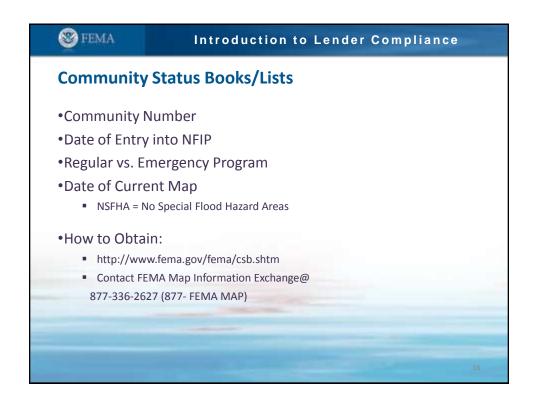






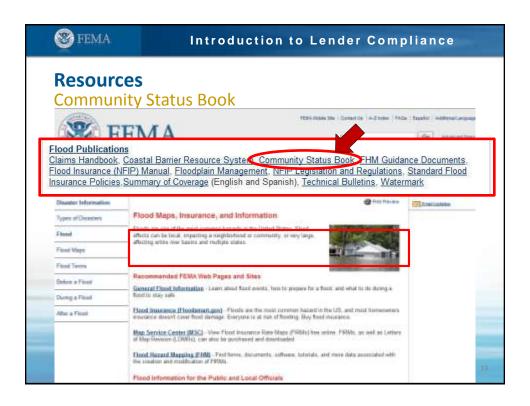


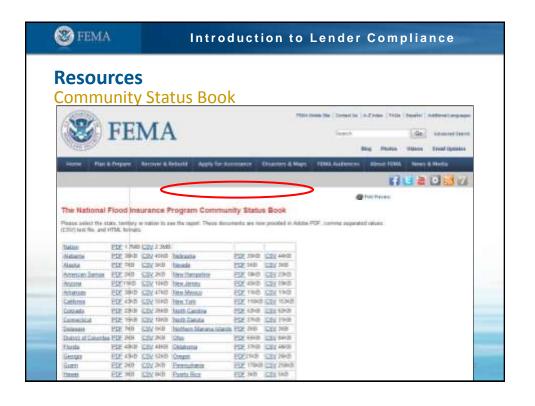






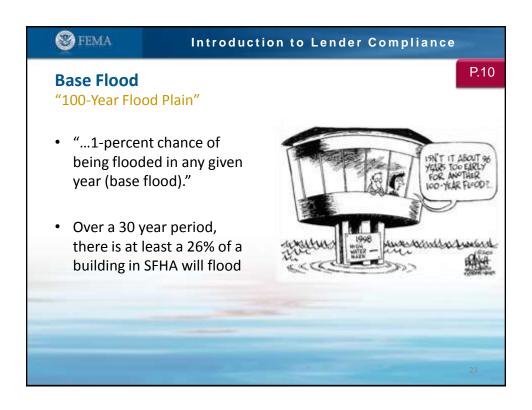


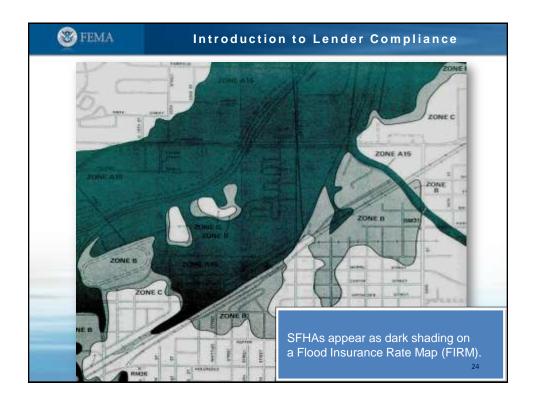






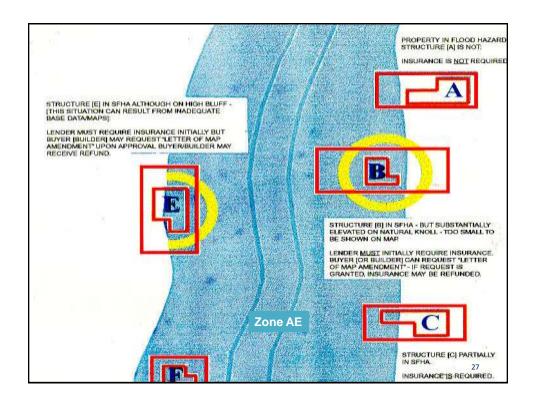






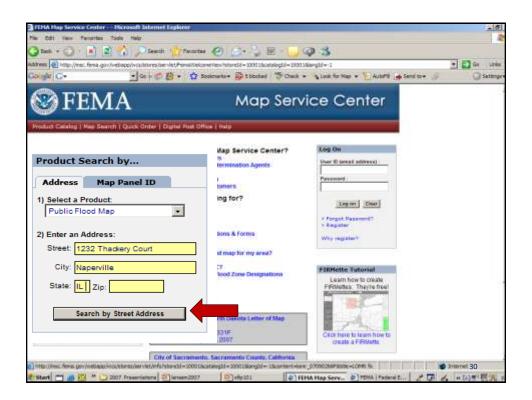


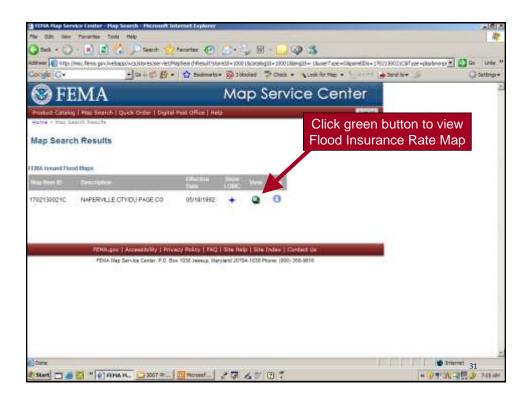


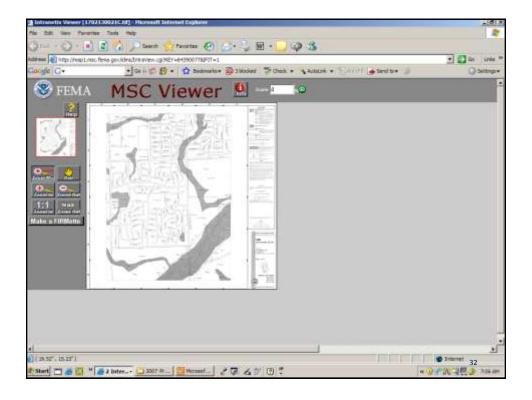


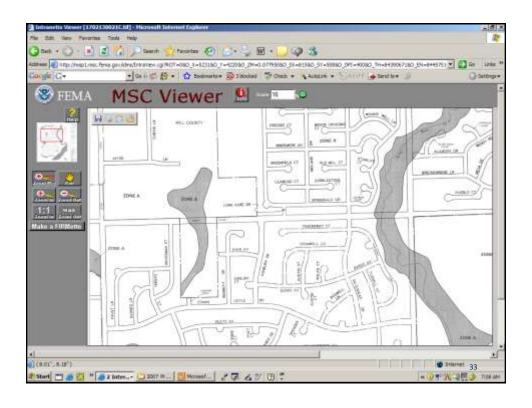








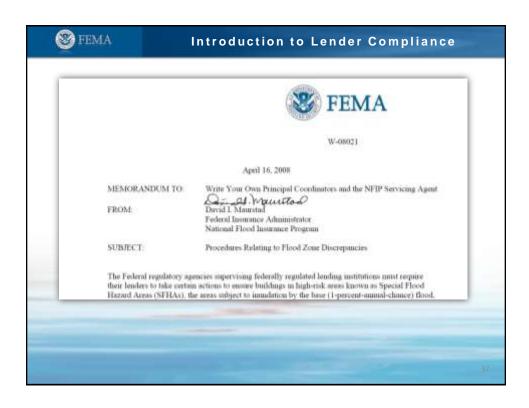


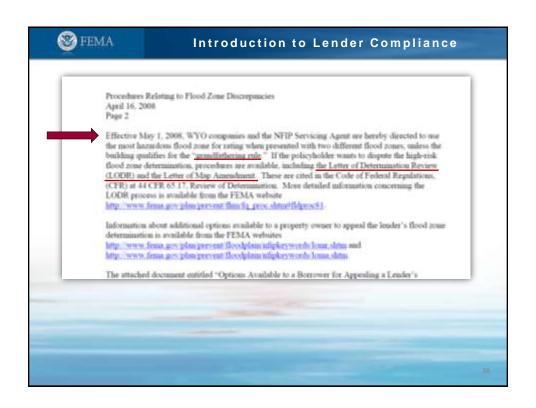














### **PRP Eligibility Extension Summary**

- Developed to address the financial burden of mandatory purchase requirements on policy holders in newly mapped areas
- Buildings newly designated within the SFHA due to a map revision on or after October 1, 2008, are eligible for coverage under the PRP for a period of up to 2 years\* after the later of the two following dates:
  - The effective date of the map revision, or
  - January 1, 2011
- Loss history requirements must be met

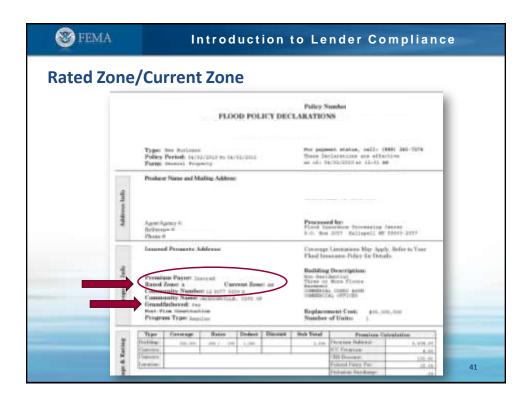
\*After 2 year extension the policy must be written as standard-rated policy.

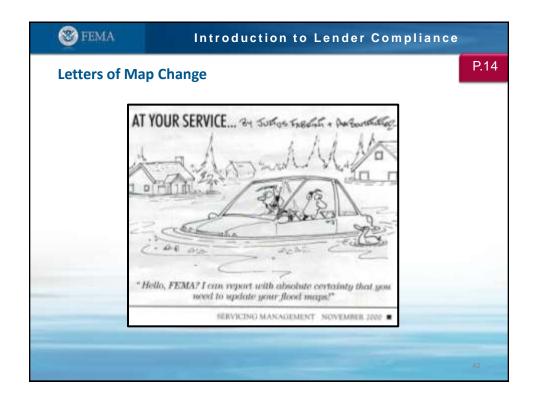


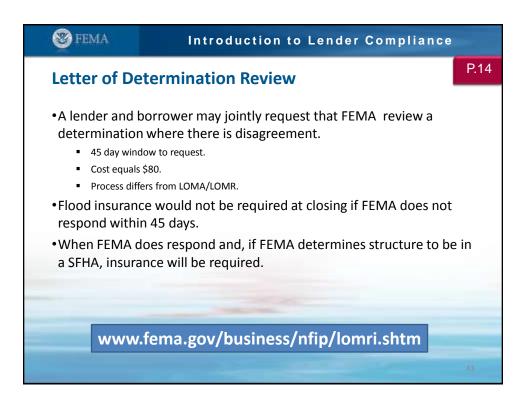
#### Introduction to Lender Compliance

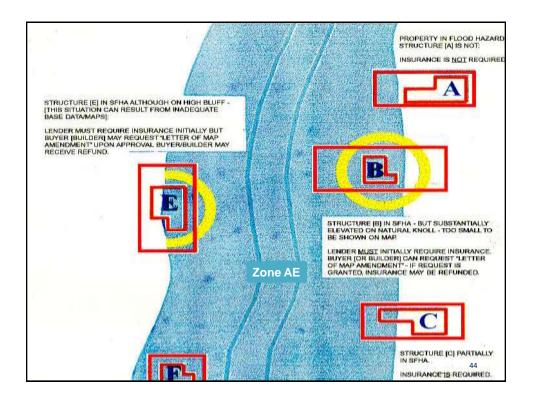
# PRP Eligibility Extension Summary (cont'd)

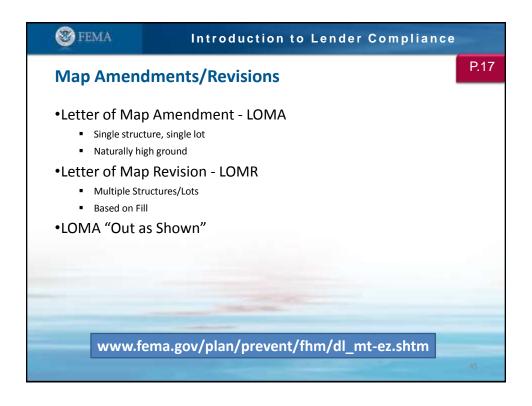
- Insurance Carrier, not lender, validates PRP extension eligibility
- Effective 10/1/2010, NFIP declarations pages will display two flood zones:
  - Current Flood Zone flood zone of property on current (revised) Flood Insurance Rate Map (FIRM)
  - Flood Risk/Rated Zone: flood zone from the previous map used to rate policy
- Lenders are not required to investigate or resolve differences between Current Flood Zone and Flood Risk/Rated Zone



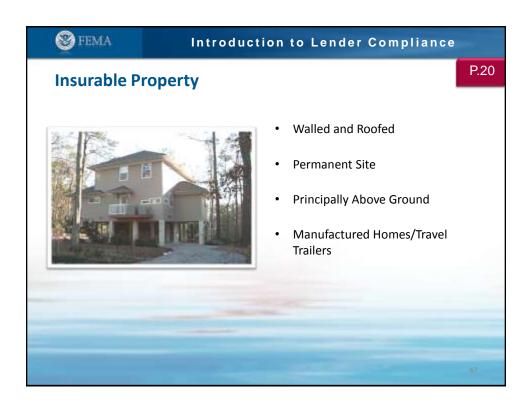










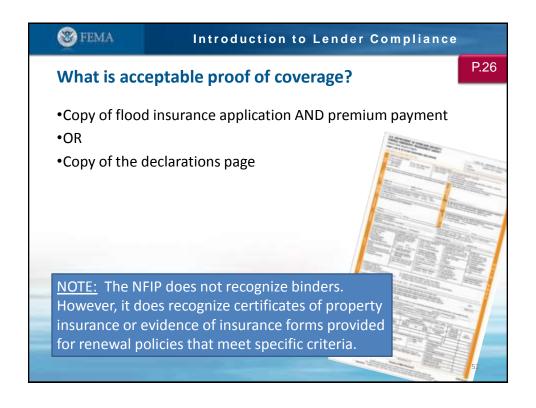


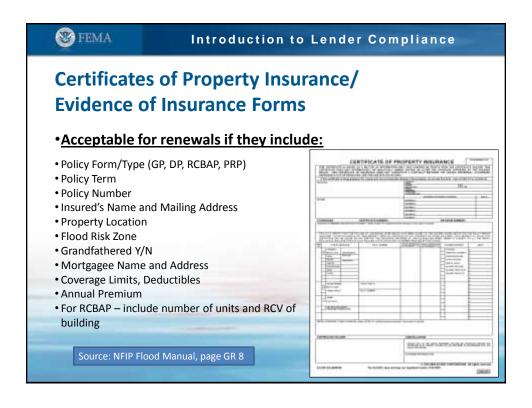








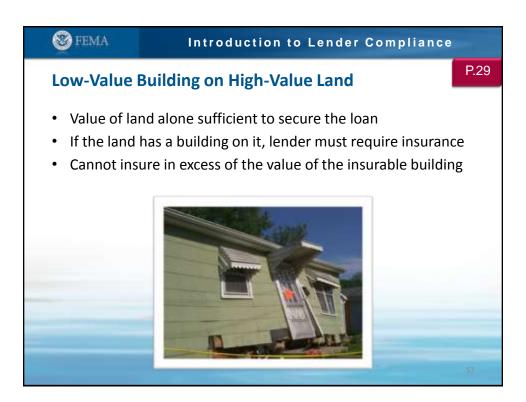


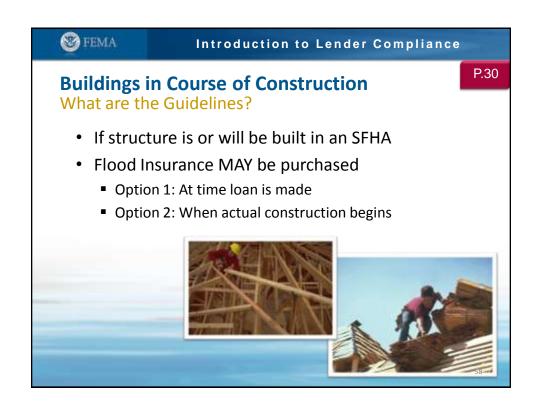






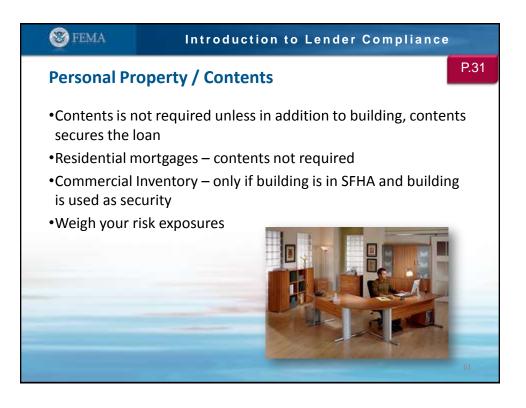


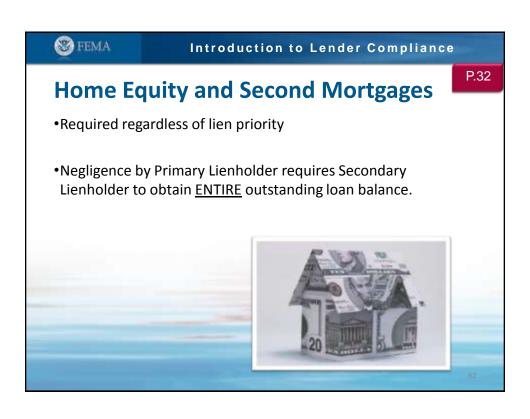




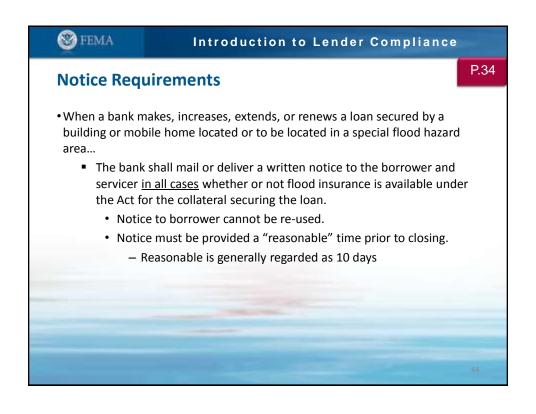












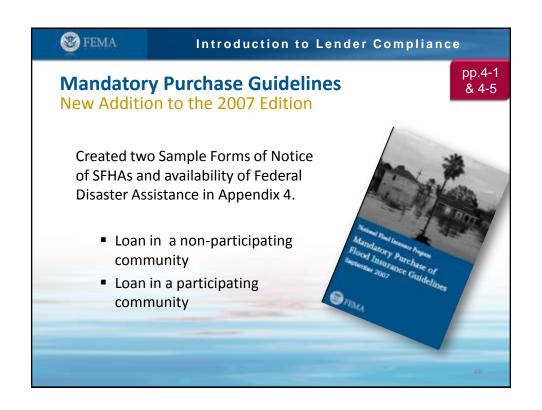


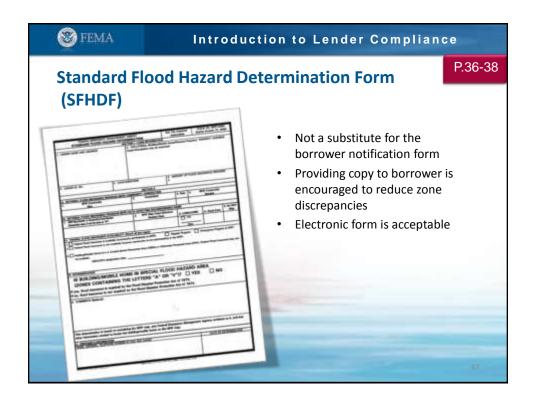
## **Notice Requirements**

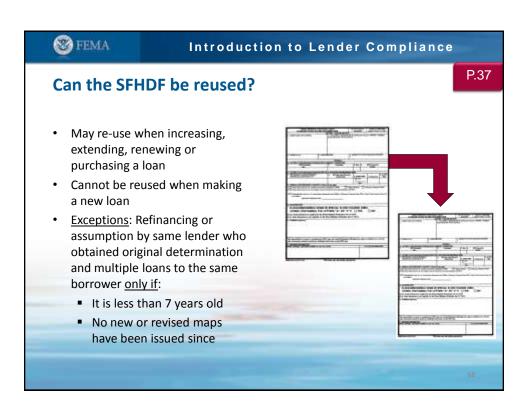
#### **Note from Interagency Q&A Preamble:**

What constitutes reasonable notice will necessarily vary according to the circumstances of particular transactions. Regulated lending institutions should bear in mind, however, that a borrower should receive notice timely enough to ensure that:

- 1. the borrower has the opportunity to become aware of his/her responsibilities under the NFIP
- the borrower can purchase flood insurance before completion of the loan transaction.

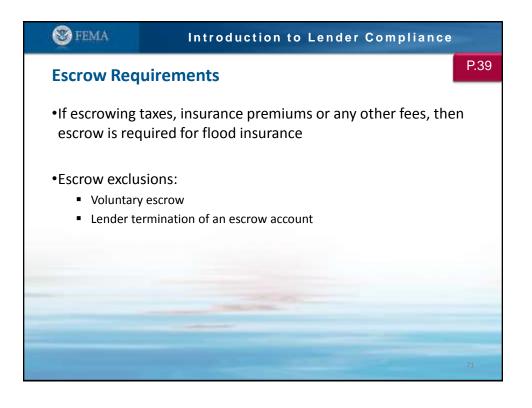


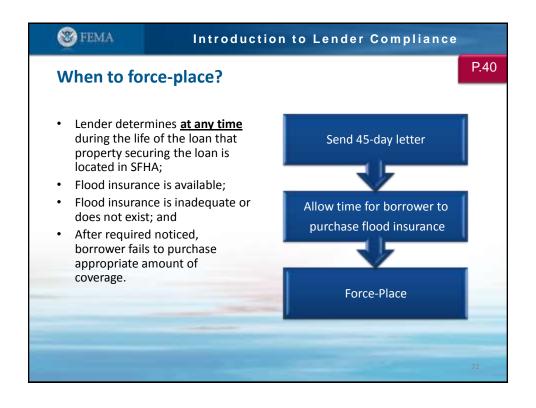




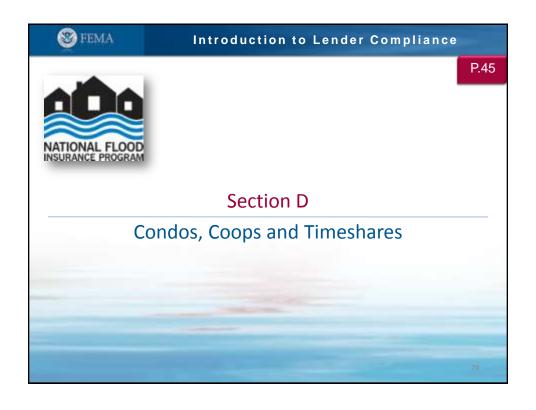




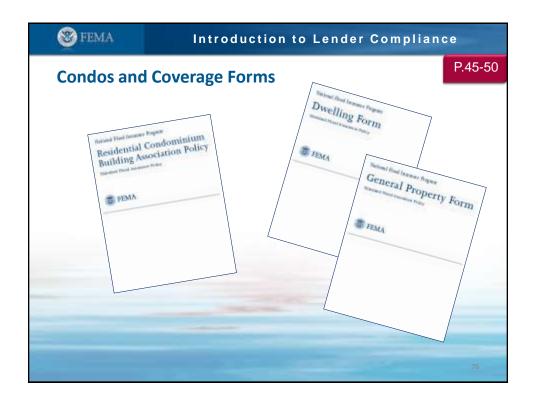




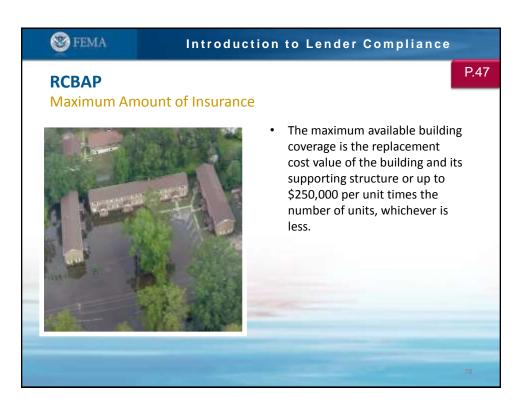




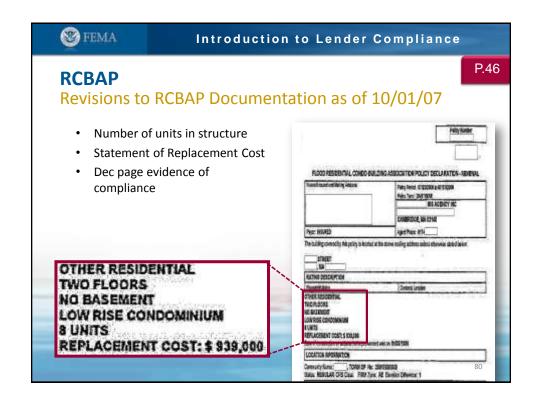


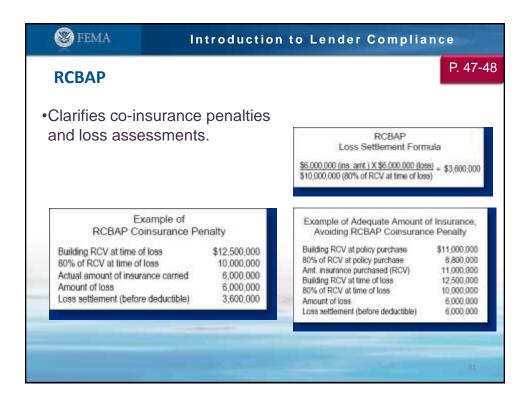
















**⊗** FEMA

**Covers Non-Residential Condo Associations** 

- Occupied less than 75% residential and not eligible for RCBAP.
- Maximum limit of \$500,000 per building.
- The General Property Form provides Actual Cash Value coverage that includes a deduction for depreciation and Replacement Cost coverage is not available.



#### Introduction to Lender Compliance

#### P.50

# **Coops and Timeshares**

- Cooperatives
  - Ownership is not shared
  - Owner purchases General Property Policy
- Timeshares
  - Fee or real-estate ownership
    - · Similar to condominium
  - Non-fee interest, such as right-to-use
    - Building owner can purchase a flood policy through a General Property Policy form

